JEE MAIN 2015

Participant Id: 81101219
Participant Name: BHARTI MEENA

Subjects: JEE Main 2015 CBT Exam EH

Q.1 A particle is moving in a circle of radius r under the action of a force $F = \alpha r^2$ which is directed towards centre of the circle. Total mechanical energy (kinetic energy + potential energy) of the particle is (take potential energy = 0 for r = 0):

Chosen Answer: --

Optio $\frac{4}{\text{ns}}$ $\frac{4}{3}$ αr^3

$$\frac{5}{6} \alpha r^3$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \alpha r^3$$

Q.2 A beaker contains a fluid of density ρ kg/m³, specific heat S J/kg°C and viscosity η. The beaker is filled up to height h. To estimate the rate of heat transfer per unit area (Q̇/A) by convection when beaker is put on a hot plate, a student proposes that it should depend on η,

$$\left(\frac{S\Delta\theta}{h}\right)$$
 and $\left(\frac{1}{\rho\;g}\right)$ when $\Delta\theta$ (in °C) is the

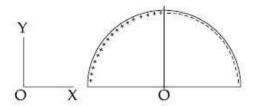
difference in the temperature between the bottom and top of the fluid. In that situation the correct option for (\dot{Q}/A) is:

Optio ns
$$\eta \left(\frac{S\Delta\theta}{h} \right) \left(\frac{1}{\rho \ g} \right)$$
1. $\eta \frac{S\Delta\theta}{h}$

$$\left(\frac{\mathsf{S}\Delta\theta}{\mathsf{\eta}h}\right)\!\left(\frac{1}{\rho\;\mathsf{g}}\right)$$

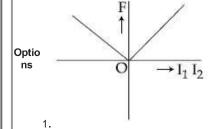
$$\frac{S\Delta\theta}{\eta h}$$

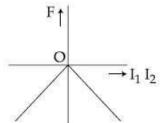
Q.3 A wire, of length L(=20 cm), is bent into a semi-circular arc. If the two equal halves, of the arc, were each to be uniformly charged with charges $\pm Q$, [$|Q| = 10^3 \epsilon_0$ Coulomb where ϵ_0 is the permittivity (in SI units) of free space] the net electric field at the centre O of the semi-circular arc would be :



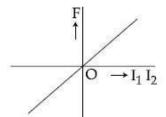
Optio (50×10³ N/C)
$$\hat{j}$$
2. (25×10³ N/C) \hat{j}
3. (50×10³ N/C) \hat{i}
4. (25×10³ N/C) \hat{i}

Q.4 Two long straight parallel wires, carrying (adjustable) currents I₁ and I₂, are kept at a distance d apart. If the force 'F' between the two wires is taken as 'positive' when the wires repel each other and 'negative' when the wires attract each other, the graph showing the dependence of 'F', on the product I₁I₂, would be:

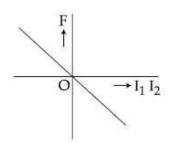




2



3.



4.

In the electric network shown, when no current flows through the 4 Ω resistor in the arm EB, the potential difference between the points A and D will be:

Chosen Answer: --

```
2\Omega \begin{cases} F & 2V \\ 2V \\ A & 4V \\ \hline \\ 9V & 3V \end{cases} \stackrel{D}{\underset{}{\stackrel{}{\underset{}{\stackrel{}{\underset{}{\stackrel{}{\underset{}{\stackrel{}{\underset{}}{\stackrel{}{\underset{}}{\stackrel{}{\underset{}}{\stackrel{}}{\stackrel{}}{\underset{}}{\stackrel{}}{\stackrel{}}{\underset{}}{\stackrel{}}{\underset{}}{\stackrel{}}{\underset{}}{\stackrel{}}{\underset{}}{\stackrel{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\stackrel{}}{\underset{}}{\stackrel{}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\stackrel{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\stackrel{}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\stackrel{}{\underset{}}{\stackrel{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\stackrel{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}{\underset{}}{\stackrel{}{\underset{}}{\stackrel{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}}{\underset{}{
```

Optio 5 V

2. 6 V

3 4 V

4. 3 V

Using equipartition of energy, the specific heat (in J kg-1 K-1) of aluminium at room temperature can be estimated to be (atomic weight of aluminium = 27)

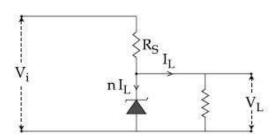
Optio ns 1. 925

- 2. 1850
- 3. 25
- 4. 410

equals:

Q.7 The value of the resistor, R_S, needed in the dc voltage regulator circuit shown here,

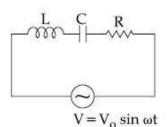
Chosen Answer: --



 $_{\text{ns}}^{\text{Optio}} (V_i - V_L)/(n+1) I_L$

- $(V_i + V_L)/n I_L$
- $_{3.} (V_i + V_L)/(n+1) I_L$
- $(V_i V_L)/n I_L$

Q.8 For the LCR circuit, shown here, the current is observed to lead the applied voltage. An additional capacitor C', when joined with the capacitor C present in the circuit, makes the power factor of the circuit unity. The capacitor C', must have been connected in:



series with C and has a magnitude

Optio

$$\frac{1-\omega^2 \ LC}{\omega^2 L}$$

series with C and has a magnitude

$$\frac{C}{(\omega^2 LC - 1)}.$$

parallel with C and has a magnitude

$$\frac{1-\omega^2 LC}{\omega^2 L}.$$

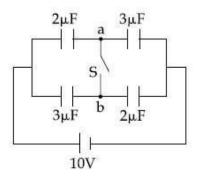
parallel with C and has a magnitude

$$\frac{C}{(\omega^2 LC - 1)}.$$

Q.9 An electric field

$$\vec{E} = (25 \hat{i} + 30 \hat{j}) \text{ NC}^{-1}$$
 exists in a region of space. If the potential at the origin is taken to be zero then the potential at $x = 2 \text{ m}$, $y = 2 \text{ m}$ is :

Q.10 In figure is shown a system of four capacitors connected across a 10 V battery. Charge that will flow from switch S when it is closed is:



Optio $_{\text{ns }1.}$ 5 μC from a to b

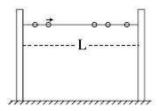
- 2. zero
- $_{3.}$ 5 μ C from b to a
- _{4.} 20 μC from a to b

Q.11

Chosen Answer : --

Chosen Option : 3

A large number (n) of identical beads, each of mass m and radius r are strung on a thin smooth rigid horizontal rod of length L (L>>r) and are at rest at random positions. The rod is mounted between two rigid supports (see figure). If one of the beads is now given a speed v, the average force experienced by each support after a long time is (assume all collisions are elastic):



Optio
$$mv^2$$
1. mv^2
2. $2(L-nr)$
3. mv^2
4. mv^2

A particle of mass 2 kg is on a smooth horizontal table and moves in a circular path of radius 0.6 m. The height of the table from the ground is 0.8 m. If the angular speed of the particle is 12 rad s⁻¹, the magnitude of its angular momentum about a point on the ground right under the centre of the circle is:

Chosen Option: 3

Q.13

A cylindrical block of wood (density = 650 kg m⁻³), of base area 30 cm² and height 54 cm, floats in a liquid of density 900 kg m⁻³. The block is depressed slightly and then released. The time period of the resulting oscillations of the block would be equal to that of a simple pendulum of length (nearly):

Optio 39 cm

₂ 65 cm

26 cm

4. 52 cm

Q.14 The de - Broglie wavelength associated with the electron in the n = 4 level is:

Chosen Option: 3

Optio two times the de-Broglie wavelength of the electron in the ground state

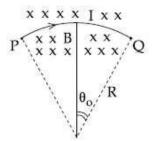
half of the de-Broglie wavelength of the electron in the ground state

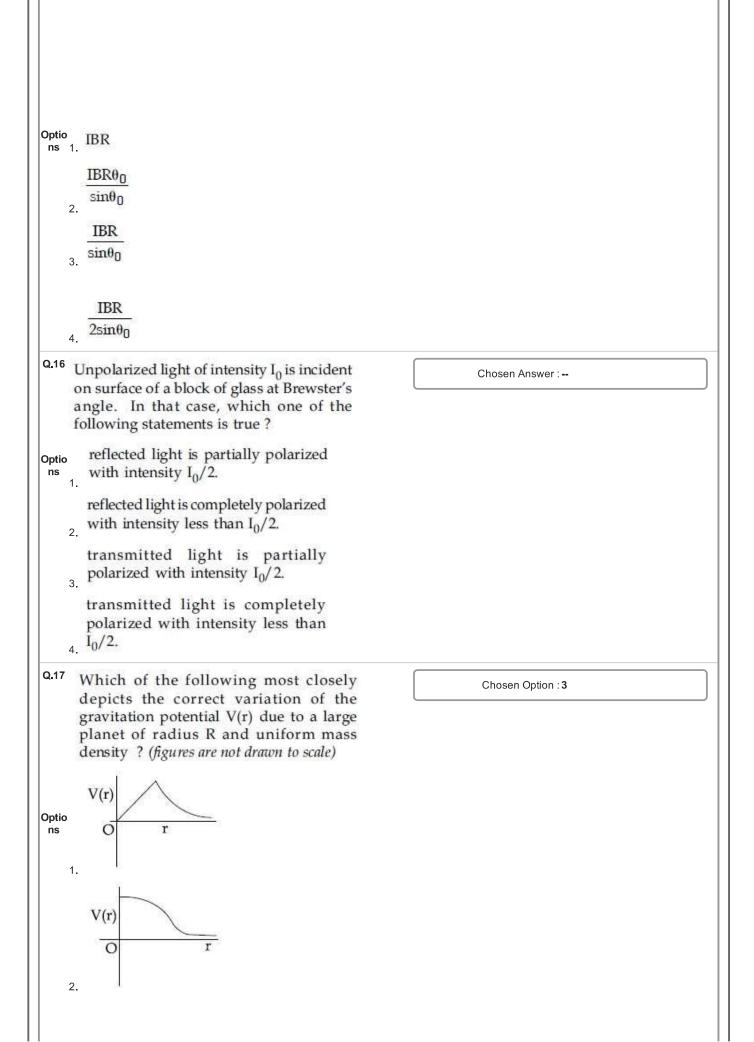
four times the de-Broglie wavelength of the electron in the ground state

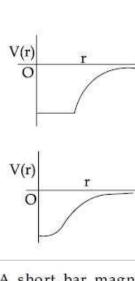
1/4th of the de-Broglie wavelength of the electron in the ground state

Q.15

A wire carrying current I is tied between points P and Q and is in the shape of a circular arch of radius R due to a uniform magnetic field B (perpendicular to the plane of the paper, shown by xxx) in the vicinity of the wire. If the wire subtends an angle $2\theta_0$ at the centre of the circle (of which it forms an arch) then the tension in the wire is:







3.

4.

A short bar magnet is placed in the magnetic meridian of the earth with north pole pointing north. Neutral points are found at a distance of 30 cm from the magnet on the East - West line, drawn through the middle point of the magnet. The magnetic moment of the magnet in Am² is close to:

(Given $\frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} = 10^{-7}$ in SI units and

 B_H = Horizontal component of earth's magnetic field = 3.6×10^{-5} Tesla.)

Optio 1. 4.9

- 2. 14.6
- 3. 9.7
- 4 19.4

Q.19 The AC voltage across a resistance can be measured using a:

Chosen Option:4

Chosen Answer: --

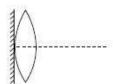
Optio ns 1. hot wire voltmeter

- moving magnet galvanometer
- 3. moving coil galvanometer
- 4. potentiometer

Q.20

A thin convex lens of focal length 'f' is put on a plane mirror as shown in the figure. When an object is kept at a distance 'a' from the lens - mirror combination, its

image is formed at a distance $\frac{a}{3}$ in front of the combination. The value of 'a' is:



Optio 2f

 $\frac{3}{2}$ f

3. 3f

4 f

Q.21 In a Young's double slit experiment with light of wavelength λ the separation of slits is d and distance of screen is D such that D >> d >> λ. If the Fringe width is β, the distance from point of maximum intensity

to the point where intensity falls to half of maximum intensity on either side is: Chosen Answer: --

Optio $\frac{\beta}{1}$

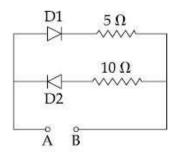
 $\frac{\beta}{6}$

 $\frac{\beta}{4}$

<u>β</u>

Q.22

A 2V battery is connected across AB as shown in the figure. The value of the current supplied by the battery when in one case battery's positive terminal is connected to A and in other case when positive terminal of battery is connected to B will respectively be:



Optio ns 1. 0.4 A and 0.2 A

- 2 0.2 A and 0.1 A
- 3 0.1 A and 0.2 A
- 4. 0.2 A and 0.4 A

Q.23 A uniform thin rod AB of length L has linear mass density $\mu(x) = a + \frac{bx}{L}$, where x is measured from A. If the CM of the rod lies at a distance of $\left(\frac{7}{12}L\right)$ from A, then a and b are related as:

Chosen Answer: --

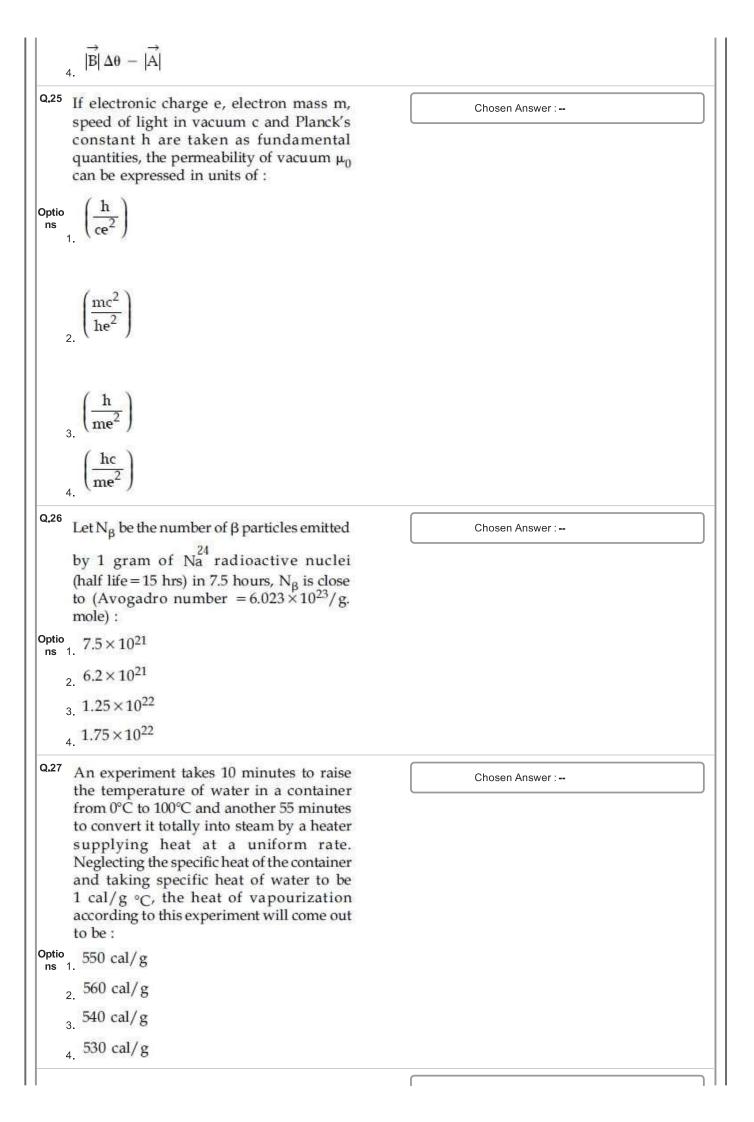
Optio 3a = 2b

- a = b
- $_{3}$ 2a = b
- a = 2b

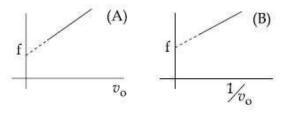
A vector \overrightarrow{A} is rotated by a small angle $\Delta\theta$ radians ($\Delta\theta$ <<1) to get a new vector \overrightarrow{B} .

In that case $|\overrightarrow{B} - \overrightarrow{A}|$ is:

Optio
$$\overrightarrow{A} = \overrightarrow{A} = \overrightarrow$$



A source of sound emits sound waves at frequency f_0 . It is moving towards an observer with fixed speed $v_{\rm s}(v_{\rm s} < v,$ where v is the speed of sound in air). If the observer were to move towards the source with speed v_0 , one of the following two graphs (A and B) will give the correct variation of the frequency f heard by the observer as v_0 is changed.



The variation of f with v_0 is given correctly by :

Optio graph A with slope =
$$\frac{f_0}{(v + v_s)}$$

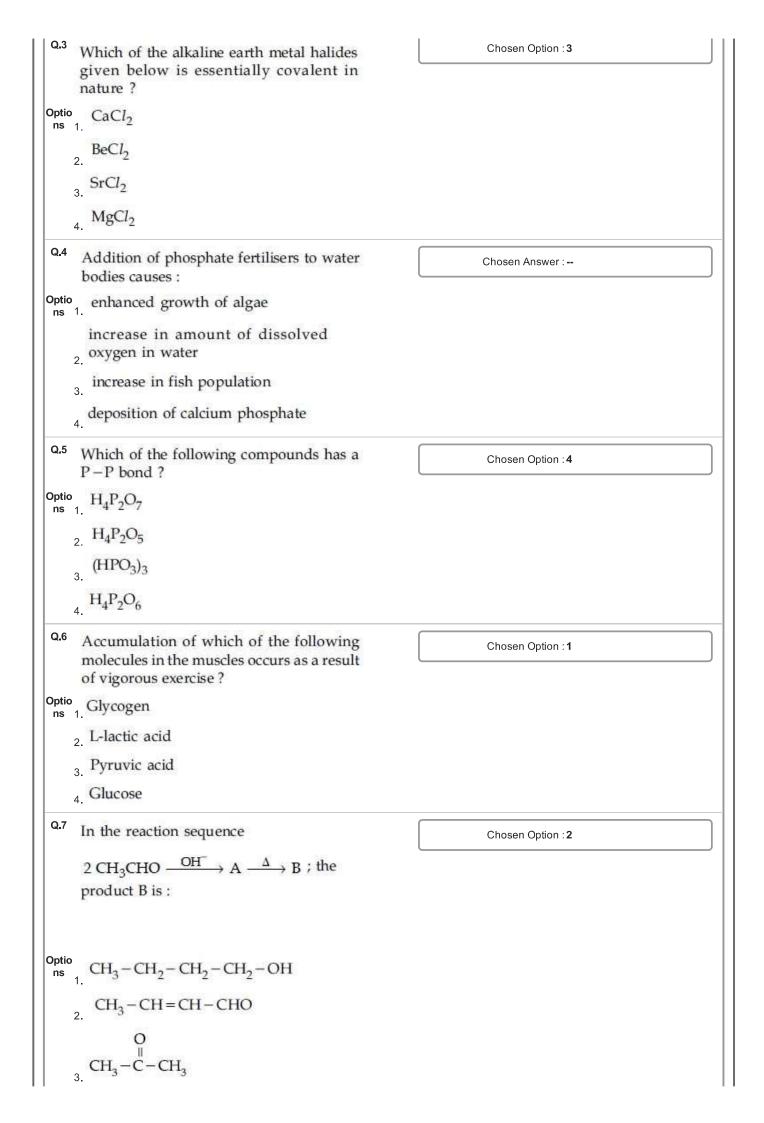
graph B with slope =
$$\frac{f_0}{(v + v_s)}$$

graph A with slope =
$$\frac{f_0}{(v - v_s)}$$

graph B with slope =
$$\frac{f_0}{(v - v_s)}$$

Q.29 A pendulum with time period of 1s is losing energy due to damping. At certain time its energy is 45 J. If after completing 15 oscillations, its energy has become 15 J, its damping constant (in s⁻¹) is:

$\begin{array}{c c} ns & \frac{1}{2} \\ 1. & \end{array}$	
$\frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{15} \ln 3$	
$\frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{30} \ln 3$	
Q.30 For plane electromagnetic waves propagating in the z direction, which one of the following combination gives the	Chosen Option : 1
correct possible direction for $\stackrel{\rightarrow}{E}$ and $\stackrel{\rightarrow}{B}$ field respectively ?	
Optio ns $\left(3\hat{i} + 4\hat{j}\right)$ and $\left(4\hat{i} - 3\hat{j}\right)$	
$\left(-2\hat{i}-3\hat{j}\right) \text{ and } \left(3\hat{i}-2\hat{j}\right)$	
3. $(\hat{i} + 2\hat{j})$ and $(2\hat{i} - \hat{j})$	
$(2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j})$ and $(\hat{i} + 2\hat{j})$	
Q.1 Chlorine water on standing loses its colour and forms:	Chosen Option : 1
Optio ns 1. HCl and HOCl	
2. HCl only	
3. HOCl and HOCl ₂	
4. HCl and HClO ₂	
Q.2 The increase of pressure on ice ⇒ water system at constant temperature will lead to:	Chosen Option : 2
optio a shift of the equilibrium in the forward direction	
an increase in the Gibbs energy of the system	
a decrease in the entropy of the system	
no effect on the equilibrium	



$$CH_3-CH_2-CH_2-CH_3$$

For the equilibrium, $A(g) \rightleftharpoons B(g)$, ΔH is -40 kJ/mol. If the ratio of the activation energies of the forward (E_f) and reverse

Chosen Answer: --

(E_b) reactions is $\frac{2}{3}$ then :

Optio
$$E_f = 30 \text{ kJ/mol}$$
; $E_b = 70 \text{ kJ/mol}$

$$E_f = 80 \text{ kJ/mol}$$
; $E_b = 120 \text{ kJ/mol}$

$$E_f = 60 \text{ kJ/mol}$$
; $E_b = 100 \text{ kJ/mol}$

$$E_f = 70 \text{ kJ/mol}$$
; $E_b = 30 \text{ kJ/mol}$

Q.9 Match the organic compounds in column - I with the Lassaigne's test results in column - II appropriately:

Chosen Answer: --

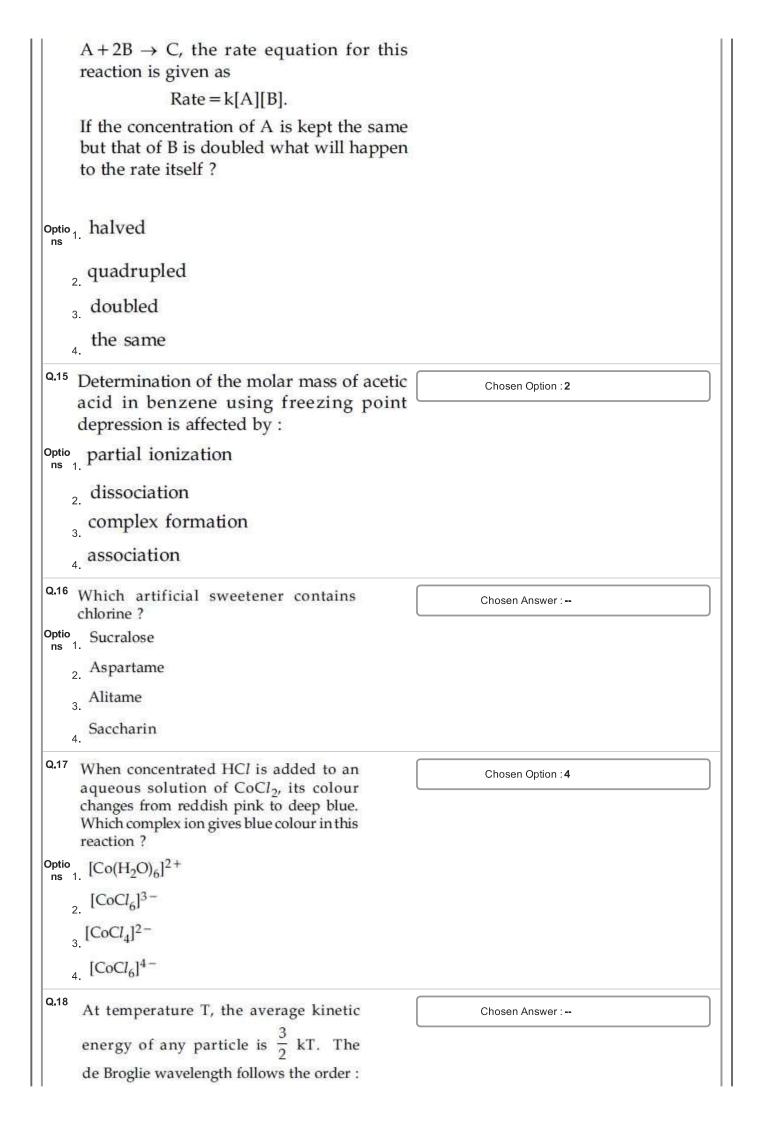
Column - I Colu		Column - II	
(A)	Aniline	(i)	Red color with FeCl ₃
(B)	Benzene sulfonic acid	(ii)	Violet color with sodium nitroprusside
(C)	Thiourea	(iii)	Blue color with hot and acidic solution of FeSO ₄

Q.10 Which of the following complex ions has electrons that are symmetrically filled in both t_{2g} and e_g orbitals?

Chosen Answer : --

Optio $[FeF_6]^{3}$

2. [Mn(CN) ₆] ⁴⁻	
[Co(NH ₃) ₆] ²⁺	
3. $[Co(NH_3)_6]^{2+}$ 4. $[CoF_6]^{3-}$	
Q.11 Which compound exhibits maximum dipole moment among the following?	Chosen Option : 4
Optio ns 1.	
NO ₂ NH ₂ 2.	
NO_2 NH_2 NO_2 NO_2 NH_2 NH_2	
Q.12 Which physical property of dihydrogen is wrong ?	Chosen Option : 2
Optio ns 1. Tasteless gas	
2. Non-inflammable gas	
3. Odourless gas	
4. Colourless gas	
Q.13 A pink coloured salt turns blue on heating. The presence of which cation is most likely?	Chosen Option : 4
Optio ns 1. Zn ²⁺	
2. Fe ²⁺	
3. Cu ²⁺	
3. 4. Co ²⁺	
Q.14	Chosen Option : 2
I .	



Optio ns Thermal electron Visible photon > Thermal neutron > Thermal electron
Visible photon > Thermal electron > 2. Thermal neutron
Thermal proton > Thermal electron 3. > Visible photon
Thermal proton > Visible photon > Thermal electron
Q.19 Which of the following statements is Chosen Option : 2
Optio $\operatorname{CrO}_4^{2-}$ is tetrahedral in shape
$Na_2Cr_2O_7$ is less soluble than $K_2Cr_2O_7$
$_{3.}$ $Cr_{2}O_{7}^{2-}$ has a $Cr-O-Cr$ bond
Na ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇ is a primary standard in volumetry
When does a gas deviate the most from its ideal behaviour ? Chosen Option : 1
Optio At high pressure and low temperature
At low pressure and low temperature
At low pressure and high temperature
At high pressure and high temperature
Q.21 Which of the following pairs of compounds are positional isomers ? Chosen Option : 4
$CH_3-CH_2-CH_2-C-CH_3$ and Optio
ns CH ₃ -CH-CH ₂ -CHO
1.

Q.22 Choose the incorrect formula out of the four compounds for an element X below :

Chosen Option: 3

```
\begin{array}{c|cccc} \text{Optio} & X_2(SO_4)_3 \\ & X_2O_3 \\ & & X_2Cl_3 \\ & & & \end{array}
```

3. XPO₄

Q.23 The number of structural isomers for C₆H₁₄ is :

Chosen Option : 4

Chosen Answer: --

Optio 3

2. 4

3.6

4. 5

At 298 K, the standard reduction potentials are 1.51 V for $MnO_4^-|Mn^{2+}$, 1.36 V for $Cl_2|Cl^-$, 1.07 V for $Br_2|Br^-$, and 0.54 V for $I_2|I^-$. At pH=3, permanganate is expected to oxidize : $\left(\frac{RT}{F}=0.059\,V\right)$

Optio $_{ns}$ Cl^- , Br^- and $I^ _{2}$ Cl^- and $Br^ _{3}$ I^- only

_{4.} Br ⁻ and I ⁻	
Under ambient conditions, which among the following surfactants will form micelles in aqueous solution at lowest molar concentration?	Chosen Option : 3
Optio $CH_3(CH_2)_{15}N(CH_3)_3Br$ $CH_3(CH_2)_{11}N(CH_3)_3Br$ 2.	
$CH_2 = (CH_2)_{12} = OSO_2 \cdot Na^+$	
3. CH ₃ - (CH ₂) ₈ - COO Na +	
Q.26 What is the major product expected from the following reaction ?	Chosen Answer :
D-Cl Where D is an isotope of Hydrogen.	
Optio H	
CL/CH ₃ 2. H CH ₃ H/Cl 3.	
H/CH ₃	

Molecule AB has a bond length of 1.617Å Chosen Option: 1 and a dipole moment of 0.38 D. The fractional charge on each atom (absolute magnitude) is : $(e_0 = 4.802 \times 10^{-10} \text{ esu})$ Optio 1.0 2. 0.05 3 0 4. 0.5 $Q.28 A + 2B + 3C \Rightarrow AB_2C_3$ Chosen Answer: --Reaction of 6.0 g of A, 6.0×10²³ atoms of B, and 0.036 mol of C yields 4.8 g of compound AB2C3. If the atomic mass of A and C are 60 and 80 amu, respectively, the atomic mass of B is (Avogadro no. = 6×10^{23}): ns 1. 50 amu Optio ₂ 60 amu ₃ 70 amu 40 amu Q.29 Which one of the following structures Chosen Option: 2 represents the neoprene polymer? Optio 1. $\left\{ CH_2 - CH \right\}_n$ 2. $CH_2-C=CH-CH_2$ 3. $\left(\text{CH-CH}_{2}\right)_{n}$ Q.30 Calamine is an ore of: Chosen Option: 1 Optio Iron 2. Zinc 3. Aluminium

Q.1 The term independent of x in the binomial expansion of

Chosen Answer: --

 $\left(1 - \frac{1}{x} + 3x^5\right) \left(2x^2 - \frac{1}{x}\right)^8$ is:

Optio ns 1. 496

- $_{2.} 496$
- 3. 400
- $_{4}$ -400
- Q.2 Let PQ be a double ordinate of the parabola, $y^2 = -4x$, where P lies in the second quadrant. If R divides PQ in the ratio 2:1, then the locus of R is:

Chosen Answer: --

 $9u^2 = -4x$ Optio ns 1.

- $3y^2 = -2x$
- 2.
 - $3y^2 = 2x$
- 3.
 - $9y^2 = 4x$
- Q.3 If a circle passing through the point (-1, 0) touches y-axis at (0, 2), then the length of the chord of the circle along the x-axis is:

Chosen Answer: --

3 Optio ns _{1.}

- $\frac{5}{2}$
- 5 4.
- Q.4 If the two roots of the equation, $(a-1)(x^4+x^2+1)+(a+1)(x^2+x+1)^2=0$ are real and distinct, then the set of all values of 'a' is:

Chosen Answer: --

Optio $0, \frac{1}{2}$

 $\left(-\frac{1}{2},0\right)\cup\left(0,\frac{1}{2}\right)$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2}, 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$
3. $(-\infty, -2) \cup (2, \infty)$

Q.5 In a parallelogram ABCD, $|\overrightarrow{AB}| = a$, $|\overrightarrow{AD}| = b$ and $|\overrightarrow{AC}| = c$, then $\overrightarrow{DB} \cdot \overrightarrow{AB}$ has the value:

Chosen Answer: --

Optio 1.
$$\frac{1}{4} \left(a^2 + b^2 - c^2 \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(a^2 + b^2 + c^2 \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}\left(b^2+c^2-a^2\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{2}\left(a^2-b^2+c^2\right)$$

Q.6 Let $A = \{x_1, x_2, ..., x_7\}$ and $B = \{y_1, y_2, y_3\}$ be two sets containing seven and three distinct elements respectively. Then the total number of functions $f: A \rightarrow B$ that are onto, if there exist exactly three elements x in A such that $f(x) = y_2$, is equal to:

Chosen Answer: --

Optio $14.7C_3$

- 2. 14.7C₂
- $_{3}$. 12. $^{7}C_{2}$
- 16.7C3

Q.7 Let k be a non-zero real number. If

Chosen Answer : --

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{(e^x - 1)^2}{\sin\left(\frac{x}{k}\right)\log\left(1 + \frac{x}{4}\right)}, & x \neq 0\\ 12, & x = 0 \end{cases}$$

is a continuous function, then the value of k is :

Optio 3

- 2. 1
- 4
- 3. 4
- 4. 2

Q.8

If $\sum_{n=1}^{5} \frac{1}{n(n+1)(n+2)(n+3)} = \frac{k}{3}$, then k is equal to :

Optio 55 ns 1.

- 19 2. 112
- $\frac{17}{105}$
 - $\frac{1}{6}$

Q.9 If z is a non-real complex number, then

Chosen Answer: --

the minimum value of $\frac{\text{Im } z^5}{(\text{Im } z)^5}$ is:

Optio -4 ns 1.

- 2. -5
- _{3.} -1
- $_{4} 2$

Q.10 A straight line L through the point (3, -2) is inclined at an angle of 60° to the line $\sqrt{3} x + y = 1$. If L also intersects the x-axis, then the equation of L is :

Chosen Answer: --

Optio $\int_{0}^{0} \sqrt{3} y - x + 3 + 2\sqrt{3} = 0$

- $\sqrt{3}y + x 3 + 2\sqrt{3} = 0$
- $y + \sqrt{3} x + 2 3\sqrt{3} = 0$
- $y \sqrt{3} x + 2 + 3\sqrt{3} = 0$

Let $f: (-1, 1) \to \mathbf{R}$ be a continuous

Chosen Answer: --

function. If $\int_{0}^{\sin x} f(t) dt = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}x$, then

 $f\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$ is equal to:

Optio $\sqrt{3}$ ns 1

```
Q.12
     Let 10 vertical poles standing at equal
                                                                        Chosen Answer: --
     distances on a straight line, subtend the
     same angle of elevation α at a point O on
     this line and all the poles are on the same
     side of O. If the height of the longest pole
     is 'h' and the distance of the foot of the
     smallest pole from O is 'a'; then the
     distance between two consecutive poles,
       h \cos \alpha - a \sin \alpha
Optio
ns
            9 sina
    1.
       h \sin \alpha + a \cos \alpha
            9 sina
    2.
       h \sin \alpha + a \cos \alpha
            9 cosa
       h \cos \alpha - a \sin \alpha
            9 cosa
Q.13
     The shortest distance between the z-axis
                                                                        Chosen Answer: --
     and the line
     x+y+2z-3=0=2x+3y+4z-4, is:
Optio
ns <sub>1.</sub>
      1
    2.
       3
    3.
      4
Q.14 If the mean and the variance of a binomial
                                                                        Chosen Answer: --
     variate X are 2 and 1 respectively, then the
     probability that X takes a value greater
     than or equal to one is:
Optio
```

Q.15 The sum of the 3 rd and the 4 th terms of a G.P. is 60 and the product of its first three terms is 1000. If the first term of this G.P. is positive, then its 7 th term is:	Chosen Option : 1
Optio ns 1. 2430	
2. 320	
3, 640	
4. 7290	
Q.16 Let k and K be the minimum and the maximum values of the function	Chosen Answer :
$f(x) = \frac{(1+x)^{0.6}}{1+x^{0.6}}$ in [0, 1] respectively,	
then the ordered pair (k, K) is equal to:	
Optio ns 1. (1, 2 ^{0.6})	
$_{2}$ (2 ^{-0.4} , 1)	
3. (2 ^{-0.6} , 1)	
4. (2-0.4, 20.6)	
4.	
If $\cos \alpha + \cos \beta = \frac{3}{2}$ and $\sin \alpha + \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2}$	Chosen Answer :
and θ is the arithmetic mean of α and β , then $\sin 2\theta + \cos 2\theta$ is equal to :	
Optio $\frac{8}{ns}$ $\frac{5}{5}$	
$\frac{4}{2}$	
_·	
3. 5	
7	
4. 5	
Q.18 If the lengths of the sides of a triangle are	Chosen Answer :
decided by the three throws of a single fair	Citoseii Aliswei
die, then the probability that the triangle is of maximum area given that it is an	
isosceles triangle, is :	
Optio $\frac{1}{\text{ns}}$ 1. $\frac{27}{27}$	
1	
2. 26	
$\frac{1}{21}$	
3. 21	

$\frac{1}{4}$.	
Q.19 If the distance between the foci of an ellipse is half the length of its latus rectum, then the eccentricity of the ellipse is: Options 1. $\frac{2\sqrt{2}-1}{2}$ 2. $\frac{1}{2}$ 3. $\sqrt{2}-1$ 4. $\frac{\sqrt{2}-1}{2}$	Chosen Answer :
Q.20 If the incentre of an equilateral triangle is $(1, 1)$ and the equation of its one side is $3x + 4y + 3 = 0$, then the equation of the circumcircle of this triangle is :	Chosen Answer :
Options 1. $x^2 + y^2 - 2x - 2y - 14 = 0$ $x^2 + y^2 - 2x - 2y - 7 = 0$ 2. $x^2 + y^2 - 2x - 2y + 2 = 0$ 3. $x^2 + y^2 - 2x - 2y - 2 = 0$ 4.	
Q.21 If in a regular polygon the number of diagonals is 54, then the number of sides of this polygon is:	Chosen Answer :
Optio ns 1. 6 2. 9 3. 10 4. 12	
Q.22 If A is a 3×3 matrix such that $ 5$. adjA $ =5$, then $ A $ is equal to :	Chosen Option : 1
Options $\pm \frac{1}{5}$ 2. ± 1 3. ± 5 4. $\pm \frac{1}{25}$	
Q.23	Chosen Option : 3

A plane containing the point (3, 2, 0) and the line $\frac{x-1}{1} = \frac{y-2}{5} = \frac{z-3}{4}$ also contains the point : Optio (0, 7, 10) ns 1. (0, 3, 1)(0, 7, -10)(0, -3, 1) Q.24 The equation of a normal to the curve, Chosen Answer: -- $\sin y = x \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3} + y\right)$ at x = 0, is: Optio s 1. $2x - \sqrt{3}y = 0$ $2y + \sqrt{3} x = 0$ $_{3.} 2x + \sqrt{3} y = 0$ $2y - \sqrt{3} x = 0$ Q.25 The solution of the differential equation Chosen Answer: - $ydx - (x + 2y^2)dy = 0$ is x = f(y). If f(-1) = 1, then f(1) is equal to : Optio 3 ns 1. 2 2. 1 3. 4 4. Q.26 Consider the following statements: Chosen Option:4 P: Suman is brilliant. Q: Suman is rich. R: Suman is honest. The negation of the statement, "Suman is brilliant and dishonest if and only if Suman is rich" can be equivalently expressed as: Optio $\sim Q \leftrightarrow \sim P \vee R$ $\sim Q \leftrightarrow P \lor \sim R$ $\sim Q \leftrightarrow P \land \sim R$ $\sim Q \leftrightarrow \sim P \wedge R$

Let $f: \mathbf{R} \to \mathbf{R}$ be a function such that

f(2-x) = f(2+x) and f(4-x) = f(4+x),

for all $x \in \mathbf{R}$ and $\int_{0}^{2} f(x) dx = 5$. Then the

value of $\int_{10}^{50} f(x) dx$ is:

Optio ns 1. 80

2, 125

3.100

4. 200

Q.28 From the top of a 64 metres high tower, a stone is thrown upwards vertically with the velocity of 48 m/s. The greatest height (in metres) attained by the stone, assuming the value of the gravitational acceleration $g = 32 \text{ m/s}^2$, is:

Chosen Option : 4

Chosen Answer: --

Optio 112

2. 88

3. 128

4. 100

Q.29

If
$$\begin{vmatrix} x^2+x & x+1 & x-2 \\ 2x^2+3x-1 & 3x & 3x-3 \\ x^2+2x+3 & 2x-1 & 2x-1 \end{vmatrix} = ax-12,$$

Chosen Answer : --

then 'a' is equal to:

Optio ns 1. -24

2. 24

3. 12

4. -12

Q.30

If
$$\int \frac{\log(t + \sqrt{1 + t^2})}{\sqrt{1 + t^2}} dt = \frac{1}{2}(g(t))^2 + C$$
,

where C is a constant, then g(2) is equal to:

Chosen Option : 4

 $\log_{\text{ns}} \log(2 + \sqrt{5})$

 $2\log(2+\sqrt{5})$

$$\frac{1}{2}\log(2+\sqrt{5})$$

$$\frac{1}{4}\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}\log(2+\sqrt{5})$$